

## \$500,000,000 CUT IN LIVING COST?

President Taft Says High  
Price Wave is Sub-  
siding.

### BUMPER CROPS DID IT

Already a Material Decrease  
in the Cost of Food  
Products.

### MEATS SURE TO GO DOWN

Flour Is Lower, Potatoes Cheap-  
er and Cotton Goods Will  
Cost Less.

BEVERLY, Mass., Oct. 19.—After read-  
ing a special report from the Depart-  
ment of Agriculture upon the relation  
of the bumper crops to the high cost  
of living, President Taft to-day said:

The wave of extremely high prices for  
food throughout the civilized world has  
reached its height in the United States and  
is subsiding. The American people have  
cause to be thankful that because of our  
industrial prosperity it has not been at-  
tended here with the great hardship which  
has prevailed in some foreign countries  
where high prices have combined with  
low wages to reduce the working people  
to a point bordering on starvation.

Mr. Taft based this statement upon  
the results of a special inquiry made  
at his direction by Secretary Wilson  
and the officials of the Department of  
Agriculture. This investigation showed  
that as a result of the bumper crops  
and the great prosperity of the Ameri-  
can farmer there has been a material  
decrease in the cost of food products,  
although in most instances the reduction,  
the report added, has not yet  
reached the consumer, and in some  
cases at least will not do so for some  
months.

Secretary Wilson reported that, as  
compared with a year ago, the aggre-  
gate crops will be about 20 per cent.  
greater, and that the supply this year  
will average 10 per cent. greater than  
it has been for a number of years. He  
showed also that already certain staple  
articles of food are showing the effect  
in reduced prices. Secretary Wilson  
advised the President that on the nine  
great crops of the country—corn, wheat,  
oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, potatoes,  
flaxseed and hay—the prices on Octo-  
ber 1 last indicated a saving to the con-  
sumers of about 9 per cent., or nearly  
\$500,000,000. The increased crops, Sec-  
retary Wilson explained, will result in  
cheaper meats, but not, however, until  
the cattle, sheep and hogs fattened on  
this year's crop have been placed on  
the market and had time to reach the  
consumer. The report said:

This year's wheat crop is nearly 100,000,000  
bushels larger than it was last year and  
already a high grade of Minnesota flour  
is costing at the mills 80 cents less a barrel  
than it did a year ago. There are 90,000,000  
people in the United States and the average  
consumption of flour is 11.5 barrels, so that  
the item alone even at the present price  
will effect a saving of \$100,000,000.

The corn crop for the first time in the  
history of the country exceeds 3,000,000,000  
bushels, amounting to 20 per cent. more  
than last year. Although this crop will  
not be freely marketed for a month or  
more, there is already a decrease in the  
price of seven cents a bushel as compared  
with last year. The immediate and tempo-  
rary effect of the big corn crop is a scarcity  
of meat and an increase of price because  
the farmers are waiting for the cheaper  
corn with which to finish their stock for  
market, but the ultimate effect will be  
cheaper meat. That is inevitable.

Second only to corn, the hay crop affects  
the price of meats. This year the hay crop  
amounts to 72,000,000 tons, as compared  
with 60,000,000 tons a year ago. The aver-  
age price of hay had fallen on October 1  
to \$11.75 a ton, a reduction of \$2.74 from the  
price prevailing a year ago. In addition  
to making for cheaper meats, the reduced  
cost of hay will reduce similarly the cost  
of milk, butter, cheese, etc.

What is true of wheat and corn and hay  
is also true of oats, but to a still greater  
degree. This year's crop amounts to  
1,417,000,000 bushels, an increase over last  
year's crop of more than 50 per cent. Most  
of this crop is used as food for stock, and  
the increased crop and lower prices in the  
market will result in a reduction of 33.3 cents  
as compared with 42.5 a year ago—will  
also make for lower prices for meats and all  
live stock products.

The decreased price of potatoes will  
alone effect a saving of nearly \$100,000,000  
in the cost of living. On October 1 the  
producers were getting 51.1 a bushel for  
potatoes as compared with 83.3 cents a  
year ago. This is due to a 30 per cent. in-  
crease in production of 37 per cent. As we consume  
30,000,000 bushels of potatoes and there is a  
reduction of 27 cents a bushel the actual  
reduction of cost is \$94,500,000, even if prices  
do not fall still lower.

The cotton crop of this year is the largest  
on record, and although the price on  
October 1 was slightly above that of the  
same date last year, it was 2.1 cents less than  
the price of two years ago, and when the new  
crop comes in the market may go still lower,  
so that some reduction in the cost of cotton  
goods may be looked for.

The President has also received re-  
ports indicating material reductions in  
the cost of other staples, as, for in-  
stance, sugar and dried fruits.

In the light of these figures the Presi-  
dent feels that he has ample warrant  
for declaring that the crest of the high  
cost of living wave has passed and that  
it is now rapidly receding.

### HOTCHKISS "DOUGH BAG" PACT.

Wants Elmhurst Agreement Followed  
in the Counties.

William H. Hotchkiss, Progressive  
State chairman, has written to his county  
chairmen directing them to seek an agree-  
ment with the leaders of the other parties  
to the use of the "dough bag" on elec-  
tion day. He said yesterday:

"The Progressive proposal is in sub-  
stance to limit election day expenses  
to a definite sum for each election dis-  
trict and to prohibit absolutely the use  
of money on that day in the direct pur-  
chase of votes, in the payment for time  
lost by the voter in going to and from  
the polls, and the like. It is notorious  
that thousands of voters in certain coun-  
ties of the State consider the franchise  
as their personal property and have sold  
it on election day. The Elmhurst com-  
pact can be brought about generally and  
lived up to with reasonable fidelity this  
corrupt practice can be largely stopped.  
No reports have yet been received as  
to how the county chairmen of the other  
parties look upon the proposition, but  
their cooperation is expected."

### DON'T HALT PROSPERITY—TAFT.

President's Messages to Union  
League and Italian Dinner.

BEVERLY, Mass., Oct. 19.—President  
Taft sent two messages of regret to-day  
to New York organizations which in-  
vited him to attend dinners to-night.  
One was to Samuel W. Fairchild, pres-  
ident of the Union League Club, and  
the other message was to Luigi Solari,  
president of the Italian Chamber of Com-  
merce. The message to Mr. Fairchild  
said:

I regret my inability to be present with  
you to-night and I send to you and your  
grand old Republican club my earnest and  
heartfelt greetings. I am very hopeful  
that the contest that is now pending will  
result in a Republican victory and that in  
this way the protective economic policy of  
the Government may remain unchanged,  
business be undisturbed and the prosperity  
that is now on our threshold may not be  
halted or driven away. And that the lovers  
of our Constitution and the institutions of  
civil liberty preserved therein may have no  
cause for alarm from threatened radical  
changes which would shake the structure  
of democratic, representative, constitu-  
tional government which our fathers and  
we have so laboriously, carefully and  
lovingly reared for the lasting benefit of the  
American people.

Here is the President's greeting to the  
Italian Chamber of Commerce:

I greatly regret that I am unable to be  
present with you to-night and enjoy your  
hospitable entertainment. I would like to  
take the opportunity of testifying to my  
high appreciation of the Italian race and to  
my belief that it has greatly assisted the  
people of the United States in the develop-  
ment of this country and that it has added  
to our citizenship a large body of earnest,  
provident, law abiding, artistic, manly  
loving and chivalrous people, whose thrift,  
industry and happy temperament have been  
of great benefit to our composite race with  
whom they have amalgamated well. You  
demonstrate your capacity for loyalty as  
American citizens by your love and veneration  
of your mother country and her great  
history. Regretting again my necessary  
absence I give you the toast, "Long life  
to the Italian Chamber of Commerce."

### NEAR RIOT GREETINGS

HEDGES ON WEST SIDE

G. O. P. Candidate Puts In  
Strenuous Evening All  
Over City.

The East Side came out in force last  
night at a Job Hedges meeting at 108  
Rivington street to hear what that can-  
didate for Governor wanted to say to  
voters.

The crowd was so keen for Hedges, it  
seems, that when some Bull Mooseers tried  
to start a demonstration, there was a  
disturbance that brought some of the  
reserves from the Fifth street sta-  
tion in a hurry. The young riot filled  
Rivington street between Essex and  
Ludlow streets with an uproar that lasted  
until the candidate himself came to act as  
peacekeeper.

Mr. Hedges had been in Long Island  
all day, and was an hour and a half late  
getting to Manhattan, so those waiting  
on Rivington street were getting pretty  
restless before he arrived. They filled  
to overflowing the small hall and then  
blocked the street.

Some progressive soul let out a cry,  
"Hurrah for Sulzer." That started  
things, and the reserves were just begin-  
ning to get order out of chaos when Mr.  
Hedges drove up.

The pack was so dense that he couldn't  
make his way near the door, but had to  
stand up in his automobile, bowing and  
smiling. He said a few words which,  
though they were not understood by the  
foreign element there, had a calming  
influence. The procession of cars started  
off, followed by a cheer.

The tour of the city planned for the  
Republican candidate—the first he has  
made here—was a comprehensive one.  
He mingled in the lower East Side, then  
switched over to the negro section at  
the foot of Sixth avenue, dropped in at  
a business men's gathering at 208 Eighth  
avenue, met more negroes in West Third-  
seventh street. Fifty-third street.

Ninety-ninth street and finally made  
the speech of the evening at the Sterling  
Republican Club at 547 West 145th street.  
After that he circled over to the East  
Side again, making a few short talks on  
the way down. He stopped and was fed  
at last at a place at 20 Avenue C, the head-  
quarters of the East Side Business Men's com-  
mittee.

Throughout his talks he harped on the  
indivisibility of any change in our sys-  
tem which would allow the amendment  
from time to time of the State or federal  
constitution. He thought this the year  
to fight for the preservation of those  
things "for which our ancestors came to  
this country" and which "our fathers  
found to preserve."

"The State is not," said Mr. Hedges, "is  
whether or not the Empire State is to be  
made a pasture ground where men who  
cannot get a living elsewhere may fatten.  
Sulzer says he is going to reduce the cost  
of living to almost nothing—for Tammany  
Hall men, I presume."

Mr. Hedges had definite ideas on Tam-  
many Hall. In his first talk he said that  
no man could be a member of the mili-  
tant force of Tammany Hall and at the  
same time raise the moral tone of  
State government one inch. One couldn't  
be on the Tammany ticket and be a free  
man mentally, he added.

In his speech at 145th street Mr. Hedges  
took this fling at the Democratic ma-  
chine: "I want to say to you about Tam-  
many Hall, that it is no political institu-  
tion at all. It is an organization of men  
met together for mutual financial ad-  
vantage under the guise of politics, and  
in New York county they can cast 50,000  
votes for or against any candidate or  
platform on twenty-four hours notice  
by word of mouth. They have never  
laid their polluting hands on any State  
department that they have not prostituted.  
It cost two millions of dollars to  
get mad two years ago, and it need  
cost you people only \$10,000 a year to  
have me make you give."

Again, he said: "Now I have a great  
advantage over Mr. Straus. He says that  
when he becomes Governor he is going  
to devote his time to crushing the  
bosses. Well, I am not going to give  
one minute's time to crushing the bosses.  
I am going to give all my time to being  
Governor, and if they don't like it they  
can go and run for it over."

Mr. Hedges had good sized crowds to  
listen wherever he went.

### STRAUS GOES WEST THIS WEEK.

Candidate Will Quit State Campaign  
for a Few Days.

Oscar Straus will speak in Chicago to-  
morrow night and in Milwaukee on Tues-  
day, in Cincinnati on Wednesday, in Cleve-  
land on Thursday. He will be back here  
for the Madison Square Garden meeting  
next Saturday, at which Col. Roosevelt is  
expected to be present. Mr. Straus is  
down as the principal speaker.

The Progressive leaders say that Gov.  
Johnson, when he was speaking in the  
West, found that a mention of Mr. Straus's  
name always brought cheers, and their  
decision to send him West resulted from  
this evidence of his popularity.

## J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL MILLINERY FURS  
FOR WOMEN, MISSES AND JUNIORS

Post-Season Styles from Paris are  
here NOW—in the newest Fabrics  
and Shades—a wonderful collection of  
the Fashions in *vogue*—a collection of  
rich and artistic wearables such as has  
seldom if ever been assembled in this  
country before.

Remarkable, too, because they can be seen and tried on  
without the annoyance of almost endless Dressmaker  
fittings. You can try on a garment *here*—see how it looks  
—and have it ready for prompt service. Every article  
is made under our own supervision—and with that touch  
of the artistic so much appreciated by women of refinement.  
Let us emphasize the point—*Nowhere in this city will you  
find such vast assortments of fashionable things to wear as at  
this establishment.*

Comparison will prove, too, that notwithstanding the  
charm, exclusiveness and individuality of our styles—the  
rare good taste displayed in the selection of materials  
and shades—the *personal service* given—that *intrinsic  
values* are really better than at any similar establishment  
in this city—

Whether you care to pay \$45 for a Tailored Suit or Gown,  
or even \$35—at which price we show some really excellent  
values—\$48 for a splendid Wrap—\$30 for an excellent  
Motor or Utility Coat—\$18 for a smart street Hat—\$35  
for a fashionable dress Hat—\$10 for a splendid Blouse of  
charmeuse, chiffon or brocade—\$50 for an excellent set  
of fashionable Furs—\$125 for a charming Fur Coat, or  
whether you desire the most luxurious or costly Fur,  
Fur-trimmed Outer-garment or jewel-trimmed Gown,  
you will find the same intrinsic values.

### Monday Ushers In Important New Showings

Paris styles that are in vogue *there* now—styles that you  
will not see elsewhere at any price.

The invitation to you to come and see them is broad and  
sincere. Make it a point to accept—Monday—Tuesday  
—any day—though remember that many novelties in  
materials are scarce and will not be duplicated—Come!

### Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

## WILSON SAYS GROUPS CONTROL GOVERNMENT

Carnegie Hall's German Amer-  
ican Audience Is Wildly  
Enthusiastic.

WANTS TO BE SPOKESMAN

Hearers Not to Vote for Him  
if They Don't Agree With  
His Views.

"If I am fit to be President it is only  
because I understand you, and if I do  
not understand you I am not fit. If I  
am not expressing in this speech to-night  
the aspirations and the convictions of  
the men who sit before me, I beg that  
they will not vote for me. I do not wish  
to be their master; I wish to be their  
spokesman."

Woodrow Wilson uttered the fore-  
going as the climax to a point of his Car-  
negie Hall address last night. Then he  
has been the Democratic nominee for  
the Presidency intended to take up  
other points, to speak further on the  
one; but he never had a chance. With  
one but an audience that jammed the  
auditorium from floor to roof, crowded  
its side aisles and lined its walls jumped  
to its feet, men and women, waving  
hands, handkerchiefs, hats and umbrellas.  
They swelled the shout to a roar and  
then from minute to minute they kept  
it up.

Thrice the tumult died away and the  
Governor's lips were seen to move as  
though he would continue, but the din  
started afresh. He bowed, smiled, waved  
his hands, but the cheering would not  
cease and it was after six minutes that  
he was able to say:

"I realize that in that sentence I have  
summed up my whole philosophy and  
my whole desire—I thank you for your  
attention."

And as he took his seat on the plat-  
form they went at it again, never ceas-  
ing until Martin Glynn was introduced  
by the chairman.

The meeting was held under the aus-  
pices of the German Americans of the  
city. It had all the enthusiasm of the old  
time campaigns, according to veterans.

Herman Ridder was to have presided  
last night, but a cold prevented him and  
in his stead his son Bernard very grace-  
fully acted. Young Mr. Ridder might  
have had to make a speech, but just at  
the moment he arose there came a yell  
from back of the German American and  
other well known Democrats Mr. Sulzer  
pushed his way. It was some minutes  
before the gubernatorial nominee was  
allowed to take his chair.

There were solid yells, then cheers  
and then sporadic inquiries as to what  
was the matter with him, all of which  
were answered from floor to dome, by  
boxes as well as pit, by women as well as  
men.

"This is a Democratic year," said Mr.  
Sulzer, the outset, and that brought a  
cheer. "A new era is dawning, the people  
have come into their own." He said he  
was proud to be there to speak on the

same platform as the next President of  
the United States. Then he forgot for  
the time being the State fight as he plunged  
into a discussion of national issues.  
When he came back to State issues Mr.  
Sulzer had the crowd shouting every  
other moment.

After Mr. Sulzer had left to go to a  
Brooklyn meeting, and while Augustus  
Thomas was speaking, Mrs. Wilson and  
the Misses Wilson very quietly took seats  
in a row in the rear of the auditorium.  
Then a shout came in from the outside,  
penetrated around the corridors and into  
the building. Mr. Thomas stopped and  
everybody turned to help in the first roar  
that was to greet the Governor.

The Governor then said:  
"Why, ladies and gentlemen, in recent  
years, since I entered politics, I have  
abandoned my own views and followed to  
private. Some of the biggest men of  
the United States are afraid of somebody  
or something. They know that there is  
a power somewhere, so organized, so  
subtle, so watchful, so interlocked, so  
complete, so pervasive, that they had  
better not speak above their breaths  
when they speak in defiance or condem-  
nation of it."

He said that these men know that  
America is not the place where a man  
may choose his own calling and pursue  
it as far as his abilities enable him to  
pursue it. That is because if he enters  
certain fields men will use means against  
him which will guarantee that he does  
not build up a business that they do not  
want to have built up. He said:

We are at the parting of the ways. We  
have not one, two or three but many estab-  
lished monopolies. We have not one or  
two but many fields of endeavor into which  
it is difficult if not impossible for the in-  
dependent men to enter. We have re-  
stricted credit, we have restricted oppor-  
tunity, we have controlled development  
and under the control of the developed we  
have come to be the worst ruled and con-  
trolled and dominated government in the  
world governed by free opinion, not governed  
by the votes and opinion of the majority,  
but governed by the opinion and by the  
duress of the power of small groups of men."

He said the question was whether the  
country should emancipate itself on No-  
vember 5. The Governor then attacked  
the protective tariff policy and ridiculed  
the American business man who, while  
he is constantly competing successfully  
in New York county they can cast 50,000  
votes for or against any candidate or  
platform on twenty-four hours notice  
by word of mouth. They have never  
laid their polluting hands on any State  
department that they have not prostituted.  
It cost two millions of dollars to  
get mad two years ago, and it need  
cost you people only \$10,000 a year to  
have me make you give."

Not one single legitimate or honest ar-  
rangement of business is going to be dis-  
turbed, but every impediment to business  
is going to be removed; every illegitimate  
kind of control is going to be destroyed.  
Every man who wants an opportunity and  
has the energy to use it is going to be given  
a chance to do so. We are going to ask  
the gentlemen who have monopolized ad-  
vantages to match their brains against  
the brains of those who would compete  
with them."

## Stern Brothers

invite inspection of their very large assortments of the highest grade

### Fur and Fur-lined Garments and Furs

including many Original and Imported Models, of Scotch Mole skin, Baby Caracul, Broadtail, Bisam Seal,  
Ermine, Civet Cat, Russian and Hudson Bay Sable combined with other furs, and  
a great variety of popular priced reliable furs, also the following

Extraordinary Offerings for Monday

#### Women's Fur Coats

Caracul, 52 inches long, of selected  
solid skins, also in misses' sizes, at \$47.50  
Actual Value \$65.00  
French Seal,  
52 inches long, superior quality, at 75.00  
Actual Value \$95.00  
Moire Caracul,  
52 inches long, new smart cut, at 110.00  
Actual Value \$155.00  
Seal Bisam, (Muskrat)  
54 ins. long, deep lap kimono sleeves, 135.00  
Actual Value \$185.00

#### Fur Sets

Pointed Sitka Fox, also Scotch Mole skin,  
stylish neckpiece and large half  
bolster muff. Actual Value \$65.00, \$45.00  
Seal Bisam, (Muskrat)  
two entirely new models,  
smart scarf and draped muff, at 67.50  
Actual Value \$89.50  
Alaska Sable, (Skunk)  
two animal effect scarf and large muff, 55.00  
Actual Value \$75.00  
Taupe Fox, very fashionable,  
animal scarf and large half bolster muff, 59.50  
Actual Value \$79.50

#### Children's Fur Coats, at Less Than Half Their Actual Values

in exclusive models and of superior workmanship, including Broadtail, Black and White Caracul, Seal Bisam,  
Squirrel, Pony Skin, White and Brown Coney, trimmed with White and Black Fox, Ermine  
and Australian Opossum, in sizes from 2 to 12 years,  
at \$13.50, 27.50 and 49.75

In their Trimmed Millinery Department, Third Floor, a Special Exhibition  
has been arranged for Monday, of a late importation of

### French Model Hats

from the most celebrated Paris Modistes. Also from their own workrooms, a collection of  
Smart Street and Semi-Dress Hats,  
Adaptations of New French Models, of Imported materials, Actual Value \$25.00, at \$13.75

Fur Hats are shown in all the correct furs of the season.

Very Exceptional Values will be offered To-morrow, in

### Women's Tailored Suits and Dresses

in a wide range of the most desirable styles and fashionable fabrics.

#### Tailored Suits,

of Serges, Bedford Cords and Cheviots,  
smart cut, severely tailored, lined with  
heavy satin and interlined, new  
model skirt, Actual Value \$27.50, at \$16.50  
of Heavy Weight Army Serge,  
man tailored, 34 inch length coat,  
heavily interlined and new skirt, at 21.75  
Actual Value \$35.00  
of Imported Beau de Souris, copy of  
foreign model, with vestee and over-  
collar of satin, very dressy, at 35.00  
Actual Value \$55.00

#### Dresses,

of Plain and Two-toned Corduroy,  
also of Imported Broadcloth,  
entirely new model, at \$19.75  
Actual Value \$29.75  
of Charmeuse, in black and all desirable  
colors, three new draped models, at 27.50  
Actual Value \$39.50  
of Crepe Meteor and Charmeuse, two low  
neck models for evening wear, trimmed  
with shadow lace and embroi-  
dered, also bugle effects, 32.50, 45.00  
Actual Values from \$45.00 to 62.50

In their regular stock unusually large assortments are shown of the newest models in Women's

Tailored Suits, from \$19.75 to 195.00 Dresses, from \$13.50 to 125.00  
Evening Gowns, from \$32.50 to 275.00

Particular attention is directed to the superior materials, workmanship and finish of their  
Ready-to-Wear Apparel, all of which are of the highest excellence.

## Stern Brothers

are now showing their Autumn Importations of Alexandre, Lupin and Babbette

### Suede and Glace Kid Gloves

in all the most desirable lengths, styles and colors for Dress, Street and Evening Wear. Also large assortments of  
Cape, Mocha, Buck and Reindeer Gloves and Gauntlets for Walking, Driving and Motoring.

To-morrow, a Specially Prepared Sale of

Women's One Clasp Cape Gloves,  
"Stern Brothers' Kant Rip." Prix seam sewn, with spear backs, Actual Value \$1.50 Pair, at 98c  
Women's Twelve Button Length Real Kid Gloves,  
with plain and embroidered backs, in champagne and pearl, Actual Value \$2.50 Pair, at \$1.68  
Women's English Washable Doeskin Gloves,  
sixteen button length, in white or cream, Actual Value \$3.00 Pair, at 1.95

Attention is also called to their facilities for making Gloves to order in any style or color  
to meet individual requirements.

### Dress Silks and Velvets

Later Importations of Gold Brocades, Satin Brocaded Velvets, Brocaded Charmeuse and Satins, also Novelty Silks,  
in a large assortment of choice designs are now being displayed.

Also for Monday, a Large Purchase of

#### Satin Charmeuse (Double Width),

40 inches wide, in a full line of light and dark colors, including a large  
variety of taupe and navy shades, also white, ivory and black. Actual Value \$2.00 Yard, at \$1.38

#### Imported Black Dress Velvets,

All Silk, 43 inches wide, extra fine quality, Actual Value \$6.50 Yard, at 3.90

To-morrow, in their Upholstery Departments, a Very Important Sale of

### Reversible Velour Portieres

in ten different color combinations,  
with self color borders, Actual Value \$25.00 Pair, at \$14.50

Unusually extensive assortments are also shown of

### Lace Curtains, Stores, Panels and Bed Covers

in all the various hand made laces, and in sizes to meet every requirement. Also a large collection of Fine  
Laces and Lace Materials, for making to order special size Lace Draperies of every Description.

Very Great Reductions in Prices have been made throughout their entire stock of

### Oriental Carpets and Rugs

including a collection of very choice Gherevan weaves, a number of which are in square  
sizes, and will be offered at One-Third Less Than Regular Selling Prices, also

Afghan Carpets, in room sizes, Regular Price \$95.00, \$58.50 Persian Carpets, in room sizes, Regular Price \$155.00, \$87.50  
Asia Minor Carpets, in room sizes, Regular Prices from \$95.00 to 395.00, at \$72.50, 115.00 to 310.00  
Also large assortments of Small Rugs, consisting of  
Daghestans, Actual Value, \$16.50, \$11.75 Kurdestans, Actual Value \$24.50, \$15.50  
Sennas, " " 18.50, 12.50 Luristans, " " 55.00, 29.50  
Irans, Actual Values from \$65.00 to 85.00, \$37.5